

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001755930009-2

TOBILEVICH, V. P.

Tobilevich, V. P. "Implants of tubular epithelium in the abdominal cavity, and their development," Trudy Akad. med. nauk SSSR, Vol. I, 1949, p. 250-53.

SO: U-411, 17 July 1953, (Letopis 'Zhurnal 'nykh Statey, No.20, 1949)

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001755930009-2"

TOBILEVICH, V. P.

62/49T35

USSR/Medicine - Cancer of the Uterus  
Medicine - X-Ray Therapy

Jul/Aug 49

"Problems Concerning the Method of Radio-  
therapy for Neglected Cancers of the Cervix  
Uteri," V. P. Tobilevich, Gynecol and X-Ray  
Dept., Inst of Oncol, Acad Sci USSR, 4½ pp

"Akusher i Ginekol" No 4

Fractional method of X-ray treatment should  
be used for neglected cancer of the cervix  
uteri. Concentrated doses for short periods  
should be used only on weak patients unable  
to stand long treatment and as a preliminary

62/49T35

USSR/Medicine - Cancer of the Uterus (Contd)

Jul/Aug 49

Step in radiotherapy. Order of treatment is:  
first X-ray, then radium followed by X-ray.  
Blood transfusion aids in toning up the organ-  
ism, prevents infection and other complications

62/49T35

TORILEVICH V.P.

| K voprosu ob obrazovaniii kist iz implantatov mullerovskogo  
| epitelia (trubnogo i matochnogo). /Development of cysts  
from implants of Muller's epithelium (tubular and uterine)./  
Arkh. pat., Moskva 12;3 May-June 50 p. 40-2.

1. Of the Pathologico-Anatomic Division (Head--Prof. M. F. Glazunov) and the Division of Experimental Therapy of Cancer (Head--Prof. L. F. Larionov) of the Institute of Oncology (Director --Prof. A. I. Serebrov of the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR, Leningrad.

CLML 19, 5, Nov 50

TOBILovich, V.P.

Development of cysts from auto-transplants of tubo-uterine epithelium following hormonal imbalance and introduction of cancerogenic substances. Akush gin. No.1:26-31 Jan-Feb 51.  
(CIML 20:5)

1. Of the Laboratory of Experimental Cancer Therapy of the Institute of Oncology (Director -- Prof.A.I.Serebrov) of the Academy of Medical Sciences USSR.

TOBILEVICH, V. P.

"Analysis of the Conditions Attending Success or Failure of Irradiation Treatment of Cancer of the Cervix." Dr Med Sci, Acad Med Sci USSR, Leningrad, 1954. (RZhBiol, No 6, Mar 55)

SO: Sum. No. 670, 29 Sep 55--Survey of Scientific and Technical Dissertations Defended at USSR Higher Educational Institutions (15)

TOBILYEVICH, V.P.

Analysis of results of radiotherapy of cancer of the cervix uteri.  
Vest.rent. 1 rad. no.2:27-31 Mr-Ap '55. (MLRA 8:5)

1. Iz genekologicheskogo otdeleniya (zav. prof. A.I.Serebrov) Instituta onkologii (dir. prof. A.I.Serebrov, nauchnyy rukovoditel' prof. N.N.Petrov), Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR.  
(CERVIX, UTERINE, neoplasms,  
radiother., results)  
(RADIOTHERAPY, in various diseases,  
cancer of cervix, results)

PETROV, N.N.; KHOLDIN, S.A.; RAKOV, A.I.; TOBILAEVICH, V.P.

Basic principles and results of radical surgical treatment of tumors  
of the most frequent locations [with summary in English, p.151]  
Vest.khir. 77 no.12:8-17 D '56. (MIRA 10:2)

1. Leningrad, 2-ya Perezovaya alleya, d.3, Institut onkologii  
AMN SSSR.  
(NEOPLASMS, surg.  
statist. of common types of cancer)

TOBILEVICH, V.P., doktor meditsinskikh nauk

"Sarcoma of the uterus" by V.F.Vamberskii. Reviewed by V.P.  
Tobilevich. Vop.onk. 3 no.3:369-370 '57. (MLRA 10:8)  
(UTERUS--CANCER) (VAMBERSKII, V.F.)

TOBILEVICH, V.P. (Leningrad, D0187, Naberezhnaya Kutuzova, d.12, kv. 4-a)

Intrarectal application of radioactive substances in the treatment  
of female genital cancer [with summary in English]. Report No.1.  
Vop.onk. 4 no.1:66-72 '58. (MIRA 11:4)

1. Iz ginekologicheskogo otdeleniya Instituta onkologii AMN SSSR  
(dir. - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR prof. A.I.Serebrov)  
(GENITALIA, FEMALE, neoplasms,  
ther., intrarectal application of radioisotopes (Rus))  
(RADIOTHERAPY, in var. dis.  
cancer of female genitalia, intrarectal application (Rus))

TOBILLEVICH, V.P., doktor med., nauk

"Uterine fibromyomas" by A.I.Petchenko. Reviewed by V.P.  
Tobilevich. Akush. i gin. 35 no.2:123-124 Mr-Ap '59.  
(MIRA 12:5)  
(UTERUS--TUMORS) (PETCHENKO, A.I.)

TOBILEVICH, V.P.; MUKHINA, T.P.; GERSHANOVICH, M.L.

Two cases of healing of cesaro-vaginal fistulas under the influence of 4-methyluracil (retacil, m-methyluracil). Vop. onk. 10 no.3(15-21) '64. (MIRA 17:8)

2. Iz laboratori 1 eksperimental'noy onkologii (zav. - ensium-zhennyy deyatel' nauk. RSFSR prof. N.V. Lazarev), ginekologicheskogo otdeleniya (zav. - prof. V.P. Tobilevich) i terapevticheskoy gruppy Instituta onkologii AMN SSSR (dir. - deystrydatsionnyy chлен AMN SSSR prof. A.I. Serebrov). Adres avtorov: Leningrad, P-129, 2-ya Bereznaya ulitsa d.3, Institut onkologii AMN SSSR.

KHOLDIN, S.A., prof., ovt. red.; RAKOV, A.I., prof., red.;  
LAZAREV, N.V., zasl. deyatel' nauki prof., red.;  
TOBILEVICH, V.P., prof., red.; NECHAYEVA, I.D., doktor  
med. nauk, red., KAUFMAN, B.D., kand. med. nauk, red.;  
SHABASHOVA, N.Ya., kand. med. nauk, red.; PETROV, A.N.,  
red.

[Current problems of oncology; festschrift for the 70th  
birthday and the 45th anniversary of the scientific and  
civic activity of Member of the Academy of Medical Sci-  
ences of the U.S.S.R. Professor Aleksandr Ivanovich  
Serebrov, and consisting of papers by his students and  
coworkers, as well as by distinguished scientists in the  
field of cancer control] Sovremennye problemy onkologii;  
sbornik posviashchen 70-letiu so dnia rozhdeniya i 45-  
letiu nauchnoi i obshchestvennoi deyatel'nosti deistv.  
chel. AMN SSSR professora Aleksandra Ivanovich Serebrova  
i sostoit iz rabot ego uchenikov i sotrudnikov, a takzhe  
vidnykh uchenykh - soratnikov po protivorakovoi bor'be.  
Leningrad, Meditsina, 1965. 245 p. (MIRA 18:6)

1. Akademiya meditsinskikh nauk SSSR, Moscow. Institut onko-  
logii. 2. Chlen-korrespondent AMN SSSR (for Kholdin, Rakov).

TOBILEVICH, V.P.; LOSKUTOVA, G.P.

Importance of hyaterography in the evaluation of the effectiveness  
of radiotherapy for cancer of the body of the uterus. Vop. onk.  
11 no.7:24-27 '65. (MIRA 18:9)

1. Iz ginekologicheskogo otdeleniya (zav.- prof. V.P. Tobilevich)  
Instituta onkologii AMN SSSR (dir.- deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR  
prof. A.I. Serebrov).

TOBILEVICH, V.P. (Leningrad, D-187, naberezhnaya Kutuzova, 12, kv.4a)

Immediate and proximate results of radiotherapy of cancer of  
the corpus uteri using a new method. Vop. onk. 10 no.9:30-36  
'64. (MIRA 18:4)

1. Iz ginekologicheskogo otdeleniya (zav. otd. - prof. V.P.  
Tobilevich) Instituta onkologii AMN SSSR (dir. - deystvitel'nyy  
chlen AMN SSSR prof. A.I.Serebrov).

TOBILEVICH, V.P.

Method of radiotherapy for cancer of the corpus uteri. Nauch.  
inform. Otd. nauch.med. inform. AMN SSSR no.1:69-71 '61  
(MIRA 16:11)

1. Institut onkologii (direktor - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN  
SSSR prof. A.I.Serebrov) AMN SSSR, Leningrad.

X

BABCHIN, I.S., prof.; BABANOVA, A.G., doktor med. nauk; BLOKHIN, N.N., prof.; BONDARCHUK, A.V., prof.; GAL'PERIN, M.D., prof.; GOL'DSHTEYN, L.M., prof.[deceased]; DYMARSKIY, L.Yu., kand. med. nauk; KARPOV, N.A., prof.; KOYRO, M.A., nauchn. sotr.; LARIONOV, L.F., prof.; LITVINOVA, Ye.V., kand. med. nauk; MEL'NIKOV, R.A., kand. med. nauk; NECHAYEVA, I.D., doktor med. nauk; PETROV, Nikolay Nikolayevich, prof.; PETROV, Yu.V., kand. med.nauk; RAKOV, A.I., prof.; ROGOVENKO, S.S., kand. med. nauk; SENDUL'SKIY, I.Ya., prof.; SEREBROV, A.I., prof.; SMIRNOVA, I.N., kand. med. nauk; TAL'MAN, I.M., prof.; TOBILEVICH, V.P., prof.; TRUKHALEV, A.I., kand. med. nauk; KHOLDIN, Semen Abramovich, prof.; CHEKHKARINA, Ye.A., kand. med. nauk; CHECHULIN, A.S., kand. med. nauk; SHAAK, V.A., prof.[deceased]; SHANIN, A.P., prof.; SHAPIRO, I.N., prof.[deceased]; SHEMYAKINA, T.V., kand. med. nauk; SHERMAN, S.I., prof.; ABRAKOV, L.V., red.; LEBEDEVA, Z.V., tekhn. red.

[Malignant tumors] Zlokachestvennye opukholi; klinicheskoe rukovodstvo. Leningrad, Medgiz. Vol.3. Pts.1-2. 1962. (MIRA 16:5)  
1. Deystvitel'nyy chlen Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR (for Blokhin, Petrov, Serebrov). 2. Chlen-korrespondent Akademii meditsinskikh nauk SSSR (for Kholdin).

(CANCER)

TOBILEVICH, V.P. (Leningrad, nab. Kutuzova, 12, kv.4-a)

Rational radiotherapy of cancer of the corpus uteri and the methods  
for insuring individual care. Vop.onk. 8 no.6:35-41 '62.

(MIRA 15:11)

1. Iz Instituta onkologii AMN SSSR (dir. - deystvitol'nyy chlen  
AMN SSSR, prof. A.I. Serobrov).  
(UTERUS--CANCER) (RADIOTHERAPY)

TOBILEVICH, V.P.

Significance of individualization and standardization in rational  
radiotherapy of patients with cancer of the cervix uteri. Vop.  
onk 7 no.8:30-42 '61. (MIRA 15:1)

1. Iz ginekologicheskogo otdeleniya (zav. - prof. V.P. Tobilevich)  
Instituta onkologii AMN SSSR (dir. - deystvitel'nyy chlen AMN SSSR  
prof. A.I. Serebrov).  
(UTERUS—CANCER) (RADIOTHERAPY)

TOBILEVICS, N.Ju. [Tobilevych, N.Yu.]; ZASZJAD'KO, I.N. [Zasyadko, I.N.];  
FALVAI, Alfred, dr. [translator]

Effect of hydrodynamical conditions and heat exchange on sediments  
in evaporators. Cukor 16 no.2:50-52 F '63.

TOBINSKIY-BERESNEV, V.M., podpolkovnik meditsinskoy sluzhby;  
DEREVIEV, K.M., kapitan meditsinskoy sluzhby; KOROLEV, G.P.,  
kapitan meditsinskoy sluzhby

Prevention and treatment of mycoses of the feet. Voen.-med.  
zhur. no.4:78-79 Ap '61. (MIRA 15:6)  
(DERMATOPHYTES) (FOOT—DISEASES)

TOBIS, S.

The icing of television towers. p.323.  
(Technicka Praca, Vol. 9, No. 5, May 1957, Bratislava, Czechoslovakia)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC. Vol. 6, No. 9, Sept. 1957. Uncl.

L 22167-66  
ACC NNR: AP6010692

EWT(1)/EWA(d)/EWA(h)/EWP(m)

WY

SOURCE CODE: CZ/0037/65/000/005/0399/0403

AUTHOR: Tobis, Jaromir

ORG: Prague Faculty of Electrical Engineering, Podebrady (Fakulta elektrotechnicka  
v Praze)TITLE: Model of the origin of a shock wave excited by an electric discharge in  
a T-shaped shock tube

SOURCE: Ceskoslovensky casopis pro fyziku, no. 5, 1965, 399-403

TOPIC TAGS: shock tube, shock wave, electric discharge, electrodynamics.

ABSTRACT: A simplified theory on the origin of a shock wave is derived on the basis  
of photographs showing the time distribution of the processes in a T-shaped discharge  
space of a shock tube. In a region of pressures from  $10^{-2}$  to 1 mm Hg and assuming  
that the electrodynamic forces are the most important factor, the theory shows good  
agreement with the experimental results. The author thanks Doctor Kracik for his  
interest in this work and Engr. Kravarik for assistance in the carrying-out of the  
experimental part of the work. Orig. art. has: 3 figures, 5 formulas, and 1 table.  
[JPRS]

SUB CODE: 20 / SUBM DATE: 18Aug64 / ORIG REF: 001 / OTH REF: 006

Card 1/1d/a

TOBIS, W.

TOBIS, W. The problem of a new sailing boat. p. 11.

Vol. 28, no. 8, Aug. 1956  
TURYSTA  
Poland

So: East European Accession, Vol. 6, No. 5, May 1957

TOBISON, F.

Magyar Textiltechnika - No. 3, Mar. 1955.

Tasks of technological workers after the National Conference of Light Industry. p. 81.

SO: Monthly list of East European Accessions, (EEAL), LC, Vol. 4, No. 9, Sept. 1955  
Uncl.

T : 61, S L'11, Z.

HUNGARY/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and Their  
Application, Part 4. - Artificial and Synthetic  
Fibers.

H-32

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khiriya, No 14, 1958, 48950  
Author : Ferenc Tobisch.  
Inst : -  
Title : New Data Concerning Application of Synthetic Fibers in  
Wool Industry.  
Orig Pub : Magyar textiltechn., 1955, No 11-12, 425-433, Vita,  
433-434.  
Abstract : No abstract.

Card 1/1

TOBISCH, Ferenc

What sort of wool should we expect from Hungary's sheep breeding?  
Magy textil 14 no.5:229-233 My '62.

l. Ujpesti Gyapjuszovogyar, es "Magyar Textiltechnika" szerkeszto  
bizottsagi tagja.

TOBISCH, Ferenc

Quality control in American combing plants. Magy textil 14  
no.9:429 S '62.

1. Ujpesti Gyapjuszovogyar, es "Magyar Textiltechnika"  
szerkeszto bizottsangi tagja.

TORITCH, F.; VASILE, F.; HOGYATH, J.

An interesting fault of viscose fiber. p. 171.

HUNGARIAN TEXTILE CHEMIST. (Textilipari Műszaki és Tudományos Egyesület)  
Budapest Hungary. Vol. 11, no. 4, Apr. 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, no. 2, July 1959.  
Uncl.

HUNGARY/Dyes and Chemical Processing of Textile Materials.

H.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 19, 1958, 66309

Author : Jantai Arpad, Saghy Magda, Tobisch Ferenc

Inst :

Title : Change of Color of Hybrid Wool Fabrics Containing Polyester Fibers Under the Influence of a High Temperature.

Orig Pub : Magyar textiltechn., 1957, No 3, 145-148.

Abstract : Laboratory experiments conducted in connection with the receipt of complaints from users of a suit fabric containing 33% wool thread (dyed a black color), 34% thread from a viscose fiber (dyed in the spinning process), as well as 23% of nondyed and 10% dyed (by dispersion dyes) of polyester fibers, showed that the reason for the change of color and coarsening of the fabric is connected with the presence in it of a polyester component. In spite of the fact that the normal softening temperature of the dry polyester fabrics is 235-240°,

Card 1/2

51

HUNGARY/Dyes and Chemical Processing of Textile Materials.

H.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 19, 1958, 66309

these fibers in conditions of ironing through a moist rag begin to soften at a 200° temperature of the iron. For the elimination of similar defects it is necessary either to regulate the conditions of ironing or to secure and increase the softening temperature of the polyester fibers to 300°,

Card 2/2

TOBISCH, Ferenc

Revolutionary trends in developing spinning. Magy textil 14 no.1:  
21-26 Ja '62.

1. Szerkeszto bizottsagi tag, "Magyar Textiltechnika".  
(Spinning)

TOBISCH, F.

New ways to reduce prime cost in the textile industry. p. 295. Magyar  
Textiltechnika. Budapest. No. 8, Aug. 1955.

Source: East European Accessions List, (EEAL), Lc, Vol. r, No. 2, Feb. 1956

TOBISCH, F.

TECHNOLOGY

Periodical: MAGYAR TEXTILTECHNIKA Vol. 11, no. 1, Jan. 1959

TOBISCH, F. A laboratory for quality; a motion-picture review. p. 39.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EAI) LC, Vol. 3, No. 5,  
May 1959, Unclass.

TOBISCH, Ferenc

Knot endurance tests. Magy textil 14 no.11:525-526 N '62.

1. Ujpesti Gyapjuszovogyar, es "Magyar Textiltechnika" szerkeszto  
bizottsagi tagja.

TOEISCH, F.

TOEISCH, F. Regularity of the operation of modern spindles on the basis of research by the laboratory of the Hungarian Worsted Spinning and Weaving factory. p. 345.

No. 9, Sept. 1955.  
MACYAR TEXTILTECHNIKA.  
TECHNOLÓGY  
Budapest, Hungary

So: East European Accession, Vol. 5, No. 5, May 1956

TÓTHISCH, F.

TÓTHISCH, F. Recent experiences in the use of synthetic materials in the wool industry.  
p. 125.

No. 11/12, Nov./Dec. 1955.

MAGYAR TEXTILTECHNIKA  
TECHNOLOGY  
Budapest, Hungary

To: East European Accession, Vol. 5, No. 5, May 1956

TCBISCH, F.

Research problems of factory operation in the textile industry p.41.  
MACYAR TEXTILTECHNIKA. (Textilipari Muszaki es Todomanyos Egyesulet) Budapest.  
no. 2, Feb. 1956.

EEAL

SOURCE: Vol 5, no. 7, July 1956.

TOPISCH, F.

New Hungarian worsted spinning mill for artificial threads.  
P. 100 MAGYAR TEXTILECHNIKA. Budapest, No. 3, Mar. 1956

SOURCE: East European Accessions List (EEAL) Library of Congress  
Vol. 5, no. 8, August 1956

Tobisch, F.

56. The breakage of yarn in the wool spinning mill - Fonalszakadasok a gyapjufonodában - by F. Tobisch. (Hungarian Textile - Magyar Textiltechnika - Vol. IV, No. 6-7, pp. 202-206, June-July 1951, 3 figs.)

The problem of yarn breakage has long been neglected in the manufacturing technology of the wool spinning industry. However, its significance as the most important factor for both workers and productivity was brought to the foreground during the past years by the efforts made to establish accurate standards. Standards for yarn breakage must be established in place of the yarn-breakage frequency our factories are operating with at present. Productivity and the quality of our spinning mill production, as well as the percentage of waste are decisively influenced by the breakage of yarn. The major part of the working time of a spinning machine operator is occupied by repairing breakages, e.g. when spinning a 50 per cent worsted yarn (No. 72), the operator spends 58.5 per cent of the total working time or 62.5 per cent of the net spinning time on knitting broken yarns. The time required is in direct proportion to the number of yarn breakages and to the burden placed on the worker. The effect of yarn breakage on the production of waste can be examined by means of these correlations. In addition to the waste produced by the typing of broken yarns, 45 to 65 per cent of the total waste produced on

F. TABISCH  
worsted spinning machines is accountable to coil waste. The increase in  
the percentage of coil waste corresponds to the increased percentage of  
burden laid on the spinner. According to computations, yarn breakages  
represent one of the greatest obstacles in effectively increasing our  
production. Therefore, the solution to this problem must be studied  
intensively.

2/2

F. TOBITSCH.

"Application of Traveler Cleaner on Sewing Machines for Wool." p. 121.  
(Magyar Textil Technika. No. 4, Apr. 1953 Budapest.)

Vol. 2, no 9  
SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions./Library of Congress, Sept 1953, Uncl.

TOBISCH, Ferenc

Questions relating to the power supply in the textile  
industry. Magy textil 15 no.8:388-389 Ag '63.

1."Magyar Textiltechnika" szerkeszto bizottsagi tagja.

TOBISCH, Ferenc

Principles of operating a Schlafhorst's "Autoconer" cross winding machine. Magy textil 14 no.5:227-228 My '62.

1. Ujpesti Gyapjuszovogyar, es "Magyar Textiltechnika" szerkeszto bizottsagi tagja.

TOBISCH, Ferenc

Knots in combed wool ribbons. Magy textil 14 no.8:381-383  
Ag '62.

1. Ujpesti Gyapjuszovogyar, es "Magyar Textiltechnika" szer-  
kesztsb bizottsagi tagja.

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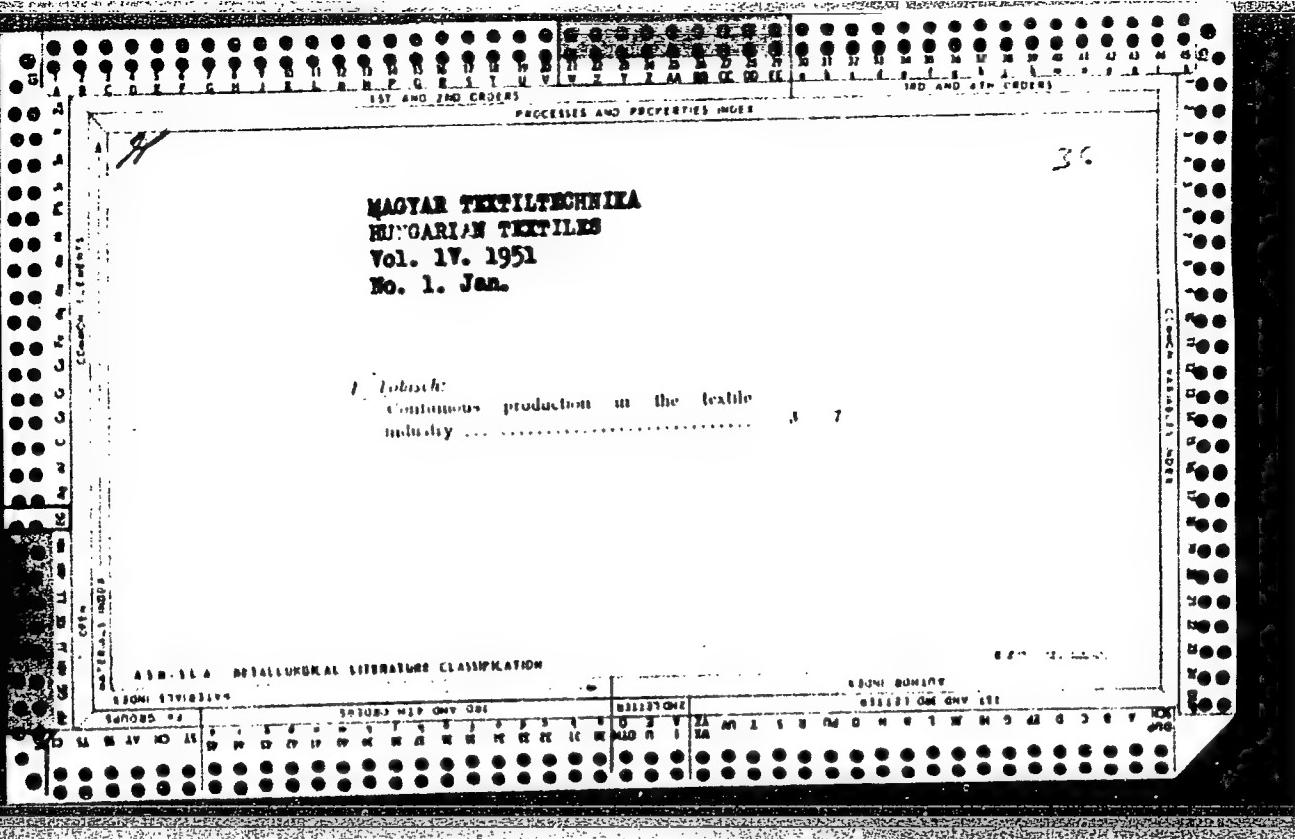
TB17W, Geneva

Secretarial manipulations, April 1945, by the  
Central Intelligence Agency. (See also 6-10-45)

Soviet influence resulting from the 1945  
Dumbarton Oaks Conference, and the  
member, "Soviet Intelligence."

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H.T.A.

No. 2 Vol. 4

677-31 022 755

36. The breakage of yarn in the wool spinning mill  
— *Fonalreakidtsok a gyapjulomeliban* — by E. Tóbiash.  
Hungarian Textile — *Alavár Textiltechnika* — Vol. IV,  
No. 6-7, pp. 303-306, June-July 1951, 3 figs.)

The problem of yarn breakage has long been neglected in the manufacturing technology of the wool spinning industry. However, its significance as the most important factor for both workers and productivity was brought to the foreground during the past years by the efforts made to establish accurate standards. Standards for yarn breakage must be established in place of the yarn breakage frequency our factories are operating with at present. Productivity and the quality of our spinning mill production, as well as the percentage of waste are directly influenced by the breakage of yarn. The major part of the working time of a spinning machine operator is occupied

by repairing breakages, e. g. when spinning a 50 per cent worsted yarn (No. 32), the operator spends 38.5 per cent of the total working time or 62.4 per cent of the net spinning time in knotting broken yarns. The time required is in direct proportion to the number of yarn breakages and to the burden placed on the worker. The effect of yarn breakage on the production of waste can be examined by means of these correlations. In addition to the waste produced by the tying of broken yarns, 10 to 65 per cent of the total waste produced on worsted spinning machines is accountable to coil waste. The increase of the percentage of coil waste corresponds to the increased percentage of burden laid on the spinner. According to computations, yarn breakages represent one of the greatest obstacles to effectively increasing our production. Therefore, the solution of this problem must be studied intensively.

74 On the uniformity of combed bands by  
P. Bobisch (Magyar Textiltechnika - Hungarian  
Textiles Vol. III, No. 2 pp. 19-32, Feb.  
1960.)

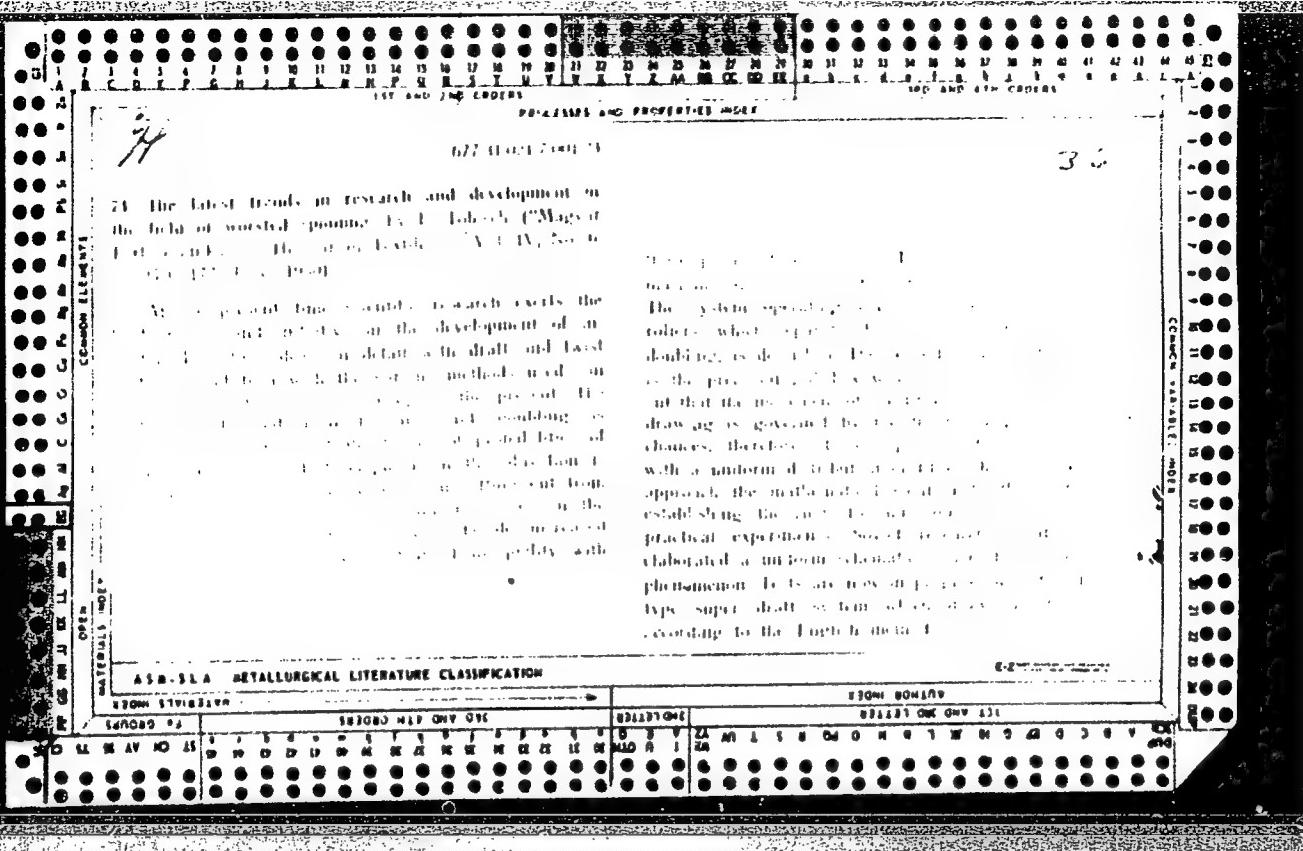
167021 b 620 164

The mathematical methods used in the present work are probably improved by the introduction of the theory of distributions to the solution of the problem, and thus specific features of the function under consideration are taken into account. The method of the moments is carried out by a suitable choice of the basis functions. Scientific basis of the method is given by the theory of the evaluation of the moments of the function, which is based on the method of orthogonal polynomials. The method is more precise than the method of the moments, and its practical application is more effective. The method of the moments is based on the assumption that the function is represented as a sum of unit length functions, represented in terms of a basis of a complete set to a length, which serve as a basis of a complete set of mathematical theory and formulas in the method described. The conclusions drawn from our tests prove that the results obtained by this method can give an accuracy of the parameter process, and that the values may be established more rapidly.

ABSTRACT METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION

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CIA-RDP86-00513R001755930009-2"

MAINT, Gyorgy; TIRI K., Lajos

The new MKE 161 and the Council of Mutual Economic Assistance cloth testing standards. Magyar textil 16 nov 33127-130 Mr 164.

To Hungarian Bureau of Standard (Per Markt), 2. Fiber Cloth Enterprise (Per Sebisch).

TOBISCH, Ferenc, gepeszmernok

Comparative investigation of one-belt and double-belt spinning  
stretching frames with comb rings. Magy textil 13 no.1:23-27  
Ja '61.

1. "Magyar Textiltechnika" szerkeszto bizottsagi tagja.

TOBISCH, Ferenc

Lessons from the 3d Exhibition of Textil Industry Innovators.  
Magy textil 14 no.3:135-137 Mr '62.

1. "Magyar Textiltechnika" szerkesztr. bizottsagi tagja

TOBISCH, Ferenc

Report on the Leipzig show of textile standards. Magy textil 13 no.3:  
120-121 Mr '61.

1. "Magyar Textiltechnika" szerkeszto bizottsagi tagha.

HORNUNG, Jozsef; RAMASZEDER, Karoly; TOBISCH, Ferenc

Comparative analysis of the efficiency of anti-statics. Magy textil  
13 no.4:163-169 Ap '61.

1. "Magyar Textiltechnika" szerkeszto bizottsagi tagja(for Ramaszeder  
and Tobisch)

TOBISCH, Ferenc

Light winter clothing - reducing the weight of coat fabrics; on the basis of Textile Engineer K. Holland's article published in "Deutsche Textiltechnik", no.5, 1958. Magy textil 13 no.4:174-176 Ap '61.

1. "Magyar Textiltechnika" szerkeszto bizottsagi tagja.

TOBISEK, Jiri

Our experience with the performance of the resolution on wages.  
Prace mzda 10 no.1:21-25 Ja '62.

1. Cjen mzdove komise Mistniho vyboru odborove skupiny zamestnancu  
spotrebniho prumyslu; pracovnik narodniho podniku Pragodev.

94.220c

G/030/62/002/007/004/004  
I030/I230

AUTHORS: Betzel, M., Hase, W., Kleinstück, K., and Tobisch, J.

TITLE: Measurement of the coherent scattering amplitudes  
of Dysprosium and Thulium for thermal for thermal  
neutrons

PERIODICAL: Physica status solidi, v.2, no.7, 1962. Kl64-Kl67

TEXT: The knowledge of the nuclear scattering iron sections, a prerequisite for the investigation of magnetic structures by means of neutron diffraction, of rare earth is of interest in view of the increasing use of these elements for the development of magnetic materials. In order to determine the coherent scattering amplitudes of Dy and Tm, neutron diffraction diagrams of  $Dy_2O_3$  and  $Tm_2O_3$  respectively were obtained, with  $\lambda = 1,197 \pm 0,003 \text{ \AA}$ . Measurements were standartized relative to a Nickel preparation, using  $\sigma_{coh} =$

Card 1/3

G/030/62/002/007/004/004  
I030/I230

Measurement of the coherent scattering...

( $13,2 \pm 0,2$ ) barns for Ni. Atomic parameters and temperature factor of  $Dy_2O_3$  and  $Tm_2O_3$  are assumed to be identical to the values published for  $Ho_2O_3$  (Koehler, Wollan and Wilkinson, Phys. Rev., 110, 37, (1958)). From the intensity of the 222 reflections values for the coherent scattering amplitudes of  $1,72 \pm 0,05 \cdot 10^{-12}$  cm for Dy and  $0,69 \pm 0,02 \cdot 10^{-12}$  cm for Tm are deduced. Structure factors calculated with these values are compatible with those determined from the intensities of the measured diffraction pattern. There are 2 tables and 2 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Zentralinstitut für Kernphysik, Bereich Reaktortechnik und Neutronenphysik, Rossendorf bei Dresden und Institut für Röntgenkunde und Metallphysik der TU, Dresden (Central Institute for Nuclear Physics, Department Reactor Technique and Neutron Physics,

Card 2/3

G/030/62/002/007/004/004  
I030/I230

Measurement of the coherent scattering...

Rossendorf near Dresden, and Institute for Röntgenology  
and Metalphysics of the T.U., Dresden).

SUBMITTED: June 12, 1962

/A

Card 3/3

TOBISEK, Jiri

Better use of the bonus funds for remuneration of workers. Prace mzda  
9 no.3:117-120 Mr '61.

1. Pracovník n.p. Pragodev.

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 4 Vol 17/12 Med. Micro. Dec 59

8063. THE PHYTAGGLUTININ CONTENTS OF ONE HUNDRED NEW PLANTS  
NOT EXAMINED PREVIOUSLY. I - Untersuchung von 100 neuen Pflanzen  
auf ihren Phytaggglutinininhalt. I - Tobiska J. Abt. für Pathol., Pharma-  
zeut. Fak., Brno - Z. IMMUN.-FORSCH. 1959; 117/2 (156-163) Tables 1  
No activity was found in 66 of the species examined. Five seed species were cha-  
racterized by haemolysis, and 27 by a non-specific effect. A blood group-specific  
effect was produced only by two other *Erythronium* extracts, viz.; *E. planipes* Kühne  
(specifically anti-B), and *E. yedonensis* Kühne, with mixed B and H specificity. The  
latter can therefore be used in differentiating blood groups A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>2</sub> but not for  
A<sub>1</sub>B and A<sub>2</sub>B (in view of its high anti-B agglutinin titre). Tobiska - Brno

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 4 Vol 17/12 Med. Micro, Dec 59

3065. PHYTAGGLUTININS - Príspěvek k otázce fytoaglutininy - Lopíška J.  
and Pikna P. Odd. Norm. a Patol. Fysiolog. Farmaceut. Fak. Univ. Brno  
- ČSL. BIOL. 1958, 7/6 (446-451) Tables 7

The authors describe agglutination results obtained with extracts of 43 types of seeds, 37 of which were of Czech origin and 6 came from other countries. Five species displayed a certain specificity. 18 were characterized by panagglutination, while with 20 no agglutination occurred. For practical purposes, seeds of the following newly tested plants could be used for differentiating A<sub>1</sub> and A<sub>2</sub> erythrocytes: *Ulex nanus* Forst, *Astragalus glycyphyllos* L. and *Galega officinalis* L. Attention is drawn to the fact that over a long period the agglutination properties of the seeds can change, qualitatively as well as quantitatively.

TOBISKA,J.; BRADA, Z.

Host-tumour relationship. XVIII. Pathophysiology of rat haemoglobin during the course of the growth of Jensen rat sarcoma. Neoplasma (Bratisl.) 11 no.6:585-590 '64

1. Cancer Research Institute, Department of Biochemistry, Brno, Czechoslovakia.

TOBISKA, J.; BRADA, Z.

Relationship between the host and the tumour. VIII. Extramedullary haemopoiesis during the growth of the BS tumour. Neoplasma 9 no.4: 435-444 '62.

i. Institute of Oncological Research, Branch of Brno, CSSR.  
(HEMATOPOIESIS) (NEOPLASMS, EXPERIMENTAL)

KOLAROVA, N.; BRAZI, Z.; TOBINKA, J.

Hist - tumour relationship. XII. Heterogeneity of the rat serum inhibitor of trypsin and its concentration in the course of some pathological processes including experimental cancers. Neoplasma (Bratisl) 12 no. 2:173-185 '65

i. Cancer Research Institute, Department of Biochemistry, Brno,  
Czechoslovakia.

TOBISKA,J.; BRADA,Z.; KOCENT,A.; PECHAN,Z.

Host-tumour relationship. X. The role of the liver in serum glycoprotein synthesis during the course of experimental inflammation. *Neoplasma* 11 no.1:3-12 '64.

Host-tumour relationship. XI. The role of the liver in the synthesis of serum glycoproteins during the course of growth of Jensen's sarcoma.

1. Cancer Research Institute, Department of Biochemistry, Brno, Czechoslovakia.

\*

TOBISKA, J.: PIKHA, F

"Notes on the question of phytoagglutinins."

CESKOSLOVENSKA BIOLOGIE, Praha, Czechoslovakia, Vol. 7, no. 6, Nov. 1952

Monthly List of East Europe Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 6, Sept 59  
Unclassified

Folio 5 EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec. 5 Vol.11/9 Pathology Sep 58

2281. ANTI-TUMOUR SUBSTANCES FOUND IN EUPHORBIA AMYGDALOIDES.

I. EXPERIMENTS WITH CROCKER TUMOUR - Über das Vorkommen von tumoziden Stoffen in Euphorbia amygdaloides. I. Versuche mit Crocker-Tumor - Tobiška J., Pejc J., Sobotka J. and Kapoun K. Inst. für Exp. Pathol., Med. Fak., Masaryk-Univ., Brno - NEOPLASMA 1957, 4/2 (125-131) Graphs 1 Tables 2 Illus. 7

Three extracts of Euphorbia amygdaloides were investigated, one with water, the 2nd prepared with alcohol and the 3rd with ether. The strongest effect was exerted by the watery extract. All 3 extracts caused damage in the liver and/or in the kidneys of the animals.

Ullman - Toronto (V, 2, 16)

TOBISKA, J.; BRADA, Z.;

Host - tumour relationship. IX. The erythropoietic activity of rat plasma in the course of the growth of the Jensen tumour as studied by means of <sup>59</sup>Fe. Neoplasma 10 no.6: 597-603 '63.

1. Cancer Research Institute, Department of Biochemistry, Brno, Czechoslovakia.

CZECHOSLOVAK: General Problems of Pathology. Tumors.

U-4

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 20, 1958, No 93925

Authors : Tobiska, Josef; Pelc, Jiri; Sobotka, Josef; Kapoun, Karel.

Inst : Not given

Title : The Presence of Antitumoral Substances in Euphorbia mygaloides. I. Investigations with Crocker's Tumor.

Orig Pub : Bioplasma, 1957, 4, No. 2, 125-131.

Abstract : Forty mice, inoculated with Crocker's sarcoma, were divided into 4 equal groups. Animals in group 1 received aqueous extract, the 2nd -- alcohol extract, and the 3rd -- ether extract, all of which were isolated from Euphorbia mygaloides on an estimation of 40 mg of leaves to a mouse (the method of extraction is given). The 4th group was the control. Starting on the second day after inoculation the animals were treated for 24 days after inoculation the animals were treated for 24 days and then sacrificed. The most active group

Card 1/2

CZECHOSLOVAKIA/General Problems of Pathology. Tumors.  
Experimental Therapy.

U-4

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 20, 1958, No 93925

was the one receiving the water extract. The average weight of the tumor in the control was 2.27 g, 0.67 g in Group 1, 0.9 g in Group 2, and 1.56 in Group 3. Thus, the percent of inhibition resulting from the action of the water extract was 70.5, alcohol 61, and ether 31.5. Consequently, the active substance, the chemical composition of which has not been discovered as yet, was very soluble in water, less so in alcohol, and insignificant in ether. Histological studies showed a toxic (necrosis, fatty degeneration) effect of the water extract on the liver of mice, alcohol on the kidneys, and ether on the liver and kidneys. -- S. A. Syrkina-Kruglyak.

Card 2/2

13

TOBISKA, J.

Use of silicon glass for drop tissue cultures. Cesk. fysiol. 6 no.4:  
551-553 Nov 57.

1. Cytofarmakologicka laborator farmaceuticke fakulty MU, Ustav pro  
vseobecnu a experimentaini pathologii lekarske fakulty MU, Brno.  
(TISSUE CULTURE,  
slides (Cz))

CHURY, Zdenek; TOBISKA, Josef

Clinical findings & results of culture in a case of stem-cell leukemia with pluri-potential properties of the stem cells. Neoplasma, Bratisl. 5 no.3:220-231 1958.

I. Institut fur Allgemeine und Experimentelle Pathologie und III. Medizinische Klinik, Medizinische Fakultet der Masaryk-Universitat Brno.  
(LEUKEMIA)

stem-cell leukemia, clin. manifest. & culture of stem cells  
(Ger))

PELC, Jiri; SOBOTKA, Josef; TOBISKA, Josef

Detection of tumoricidal substances in Euphorbia amygdaloïdes. II.  
Experimental studies with Walker rat tumor. Neoplasma, Bratisl. 5 no.2:  
140-144 1958.

1. Institut für Allgemeine und Experimentelle Pathologie der Medizinischen  
Fakultät der Masaryk-Universität, Brno. Anschrift der Verfasser: Dr.  
J. Tobiska und Mitarb., Brno, Komenského nam. 2.

(NEOPLASMS, experimental,  
Walker rat carcinoma, eff. of Euphorbia amygdaloïdes  
extract (Ger))

(CYTOTOXIC DRUGS, effects,  
Euphorbia amygdaloïdes extract, on Walker rat carcinoma (Ger))

TOBISKA, J.; KRECOVA, E.

Comparison of the toxicity and antihistaminic action of antihistatmine and of "Alfazyl-Sofa" in tissue cultures.

p. 309 (Ceskoslovenska Biologie) Vol. 6, no. 4, July 1957. Praha, Czechoslovakia.

SO: Monthly Index of East European Acquisitions (MEA) LC, Vol. 7. no. 1 Jan 1958

BRADA, Z.; TOBISKA, J.

Host--Tumour relationship. XVI. Heterogeneity of rat haemoglobin.  
Neoplasma (Bratisl.) 11 no.4:371-378 '64.

1. Cancer Research Institute, Department of Biochemistry, Brno,  
Czechoslovakia.

TOBJASZ, J.

A session of the Polish Academy of Sciences devoted to improvement of  
the fertility of light soils in Poland, held October 25-27, 1954.

p. 470. POLISH GEOGRAPHICAL REVIEW. (Polska Akademia Nauk, Instytut  
Geografii), Warszawa. Vol. 21, no. 1, 1955

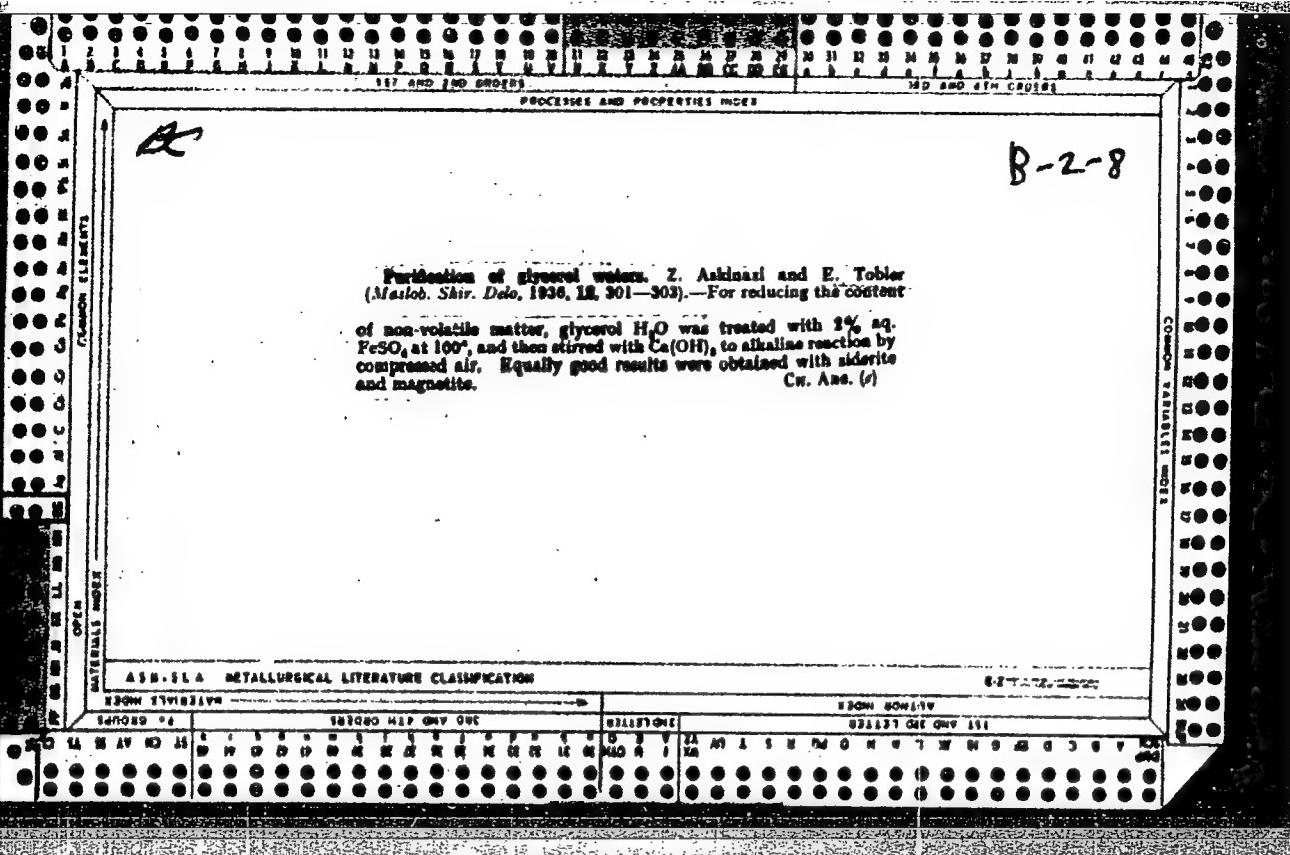
So. East European Accessions List. Vol. 5, no. 1, Jan. 1956

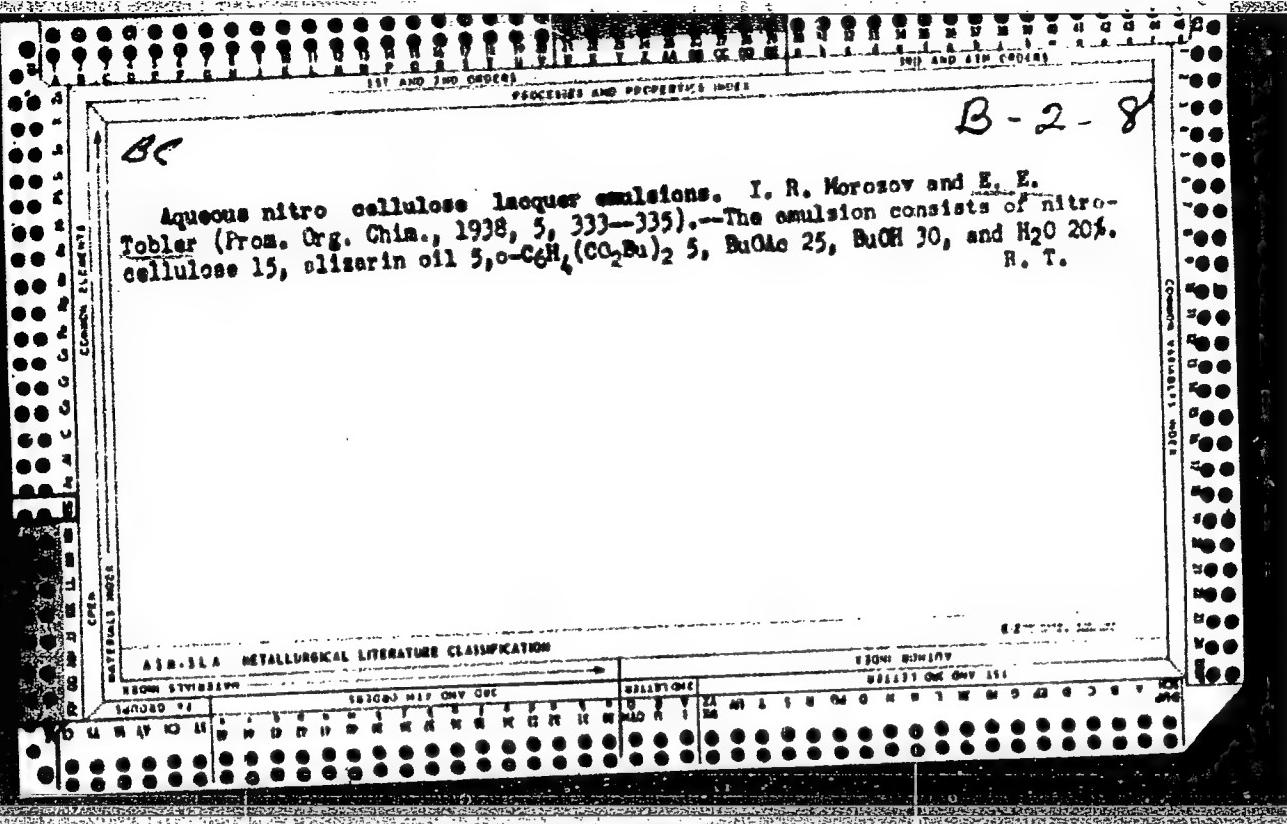
27

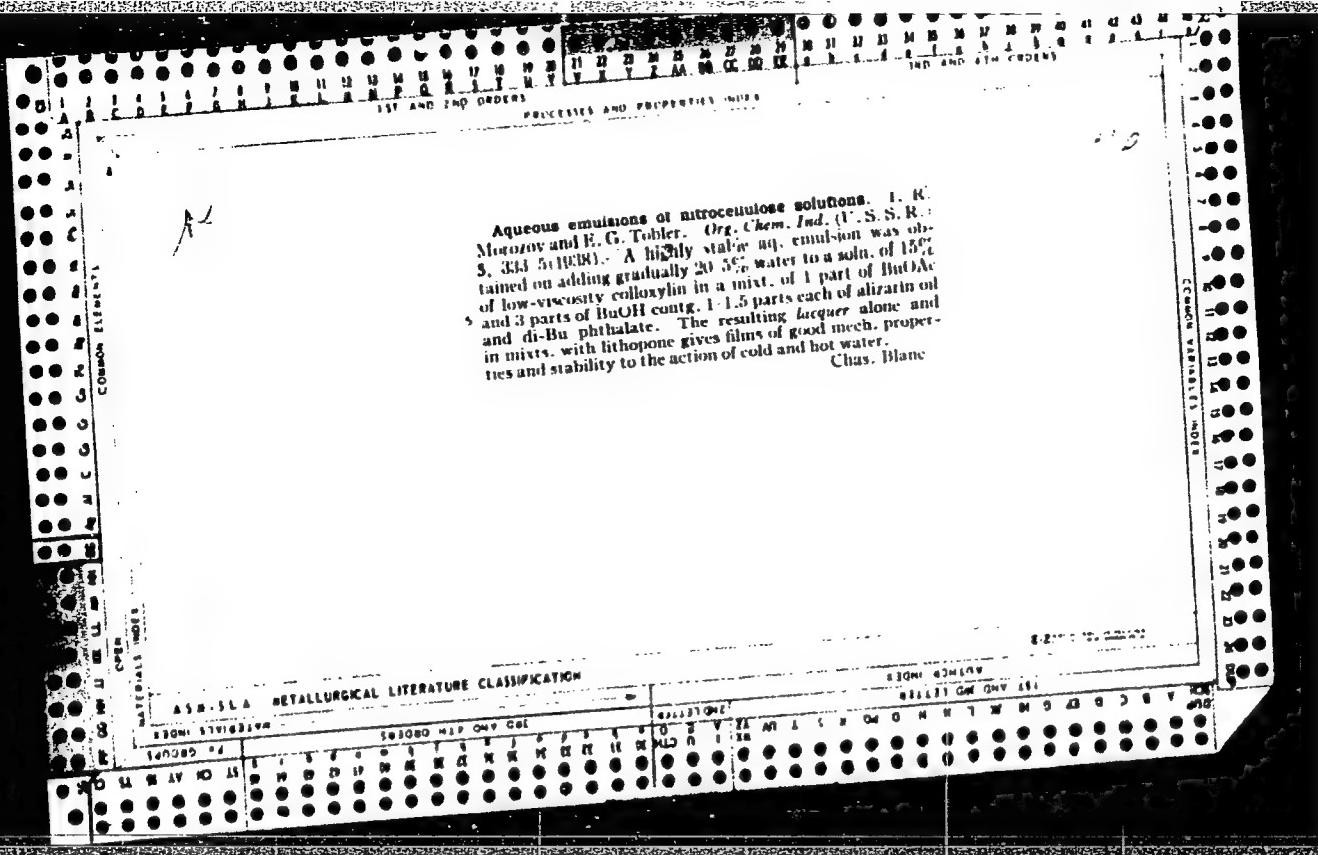
CA

Purification of glycerol waters. Z. Askinazi and U. Toubier. *Maslobolnoye Zhirnatv Deda* 12, 301-3(1930).  
For the reduction of the content of nonvol. matter, glycerol water was treated with 3%  $\text{FeSO}_4$  at about 100°, and then stirred with  $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$  to alk. reaction by forcing compressed air. Equally good results were obtained with the use of siderite and magnetite. C. B.

AER 51A METALLURGICAL LITERATURE CLASSIFICATION





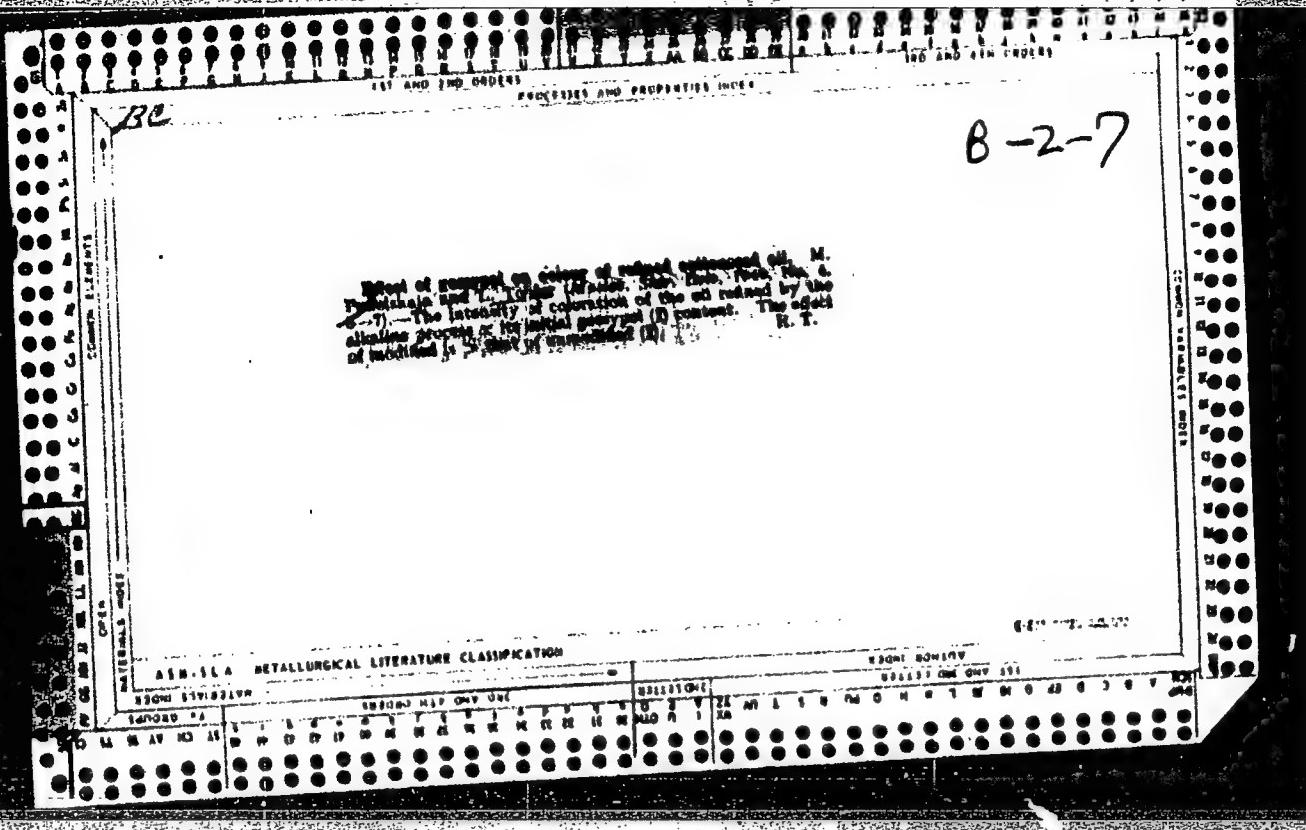


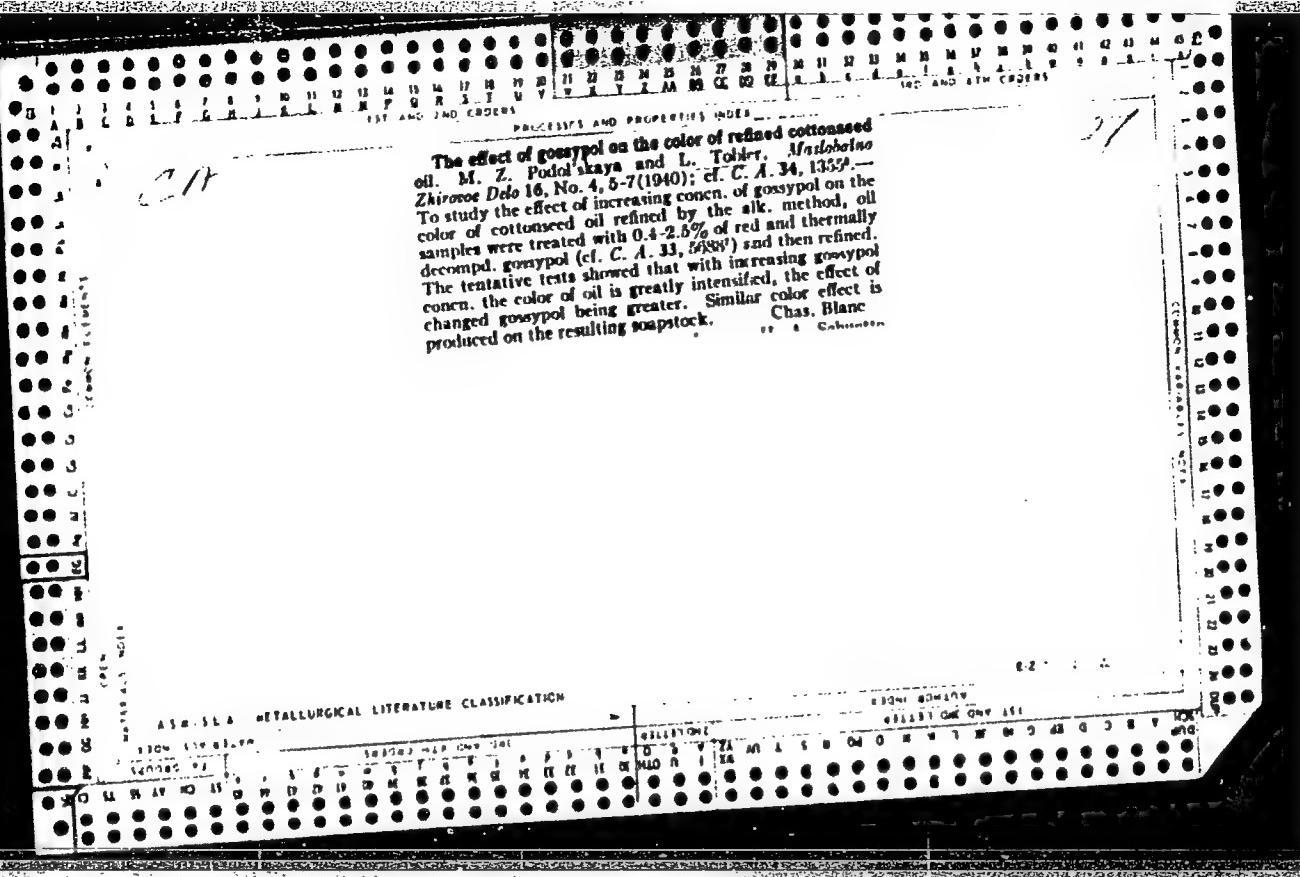
CA

25

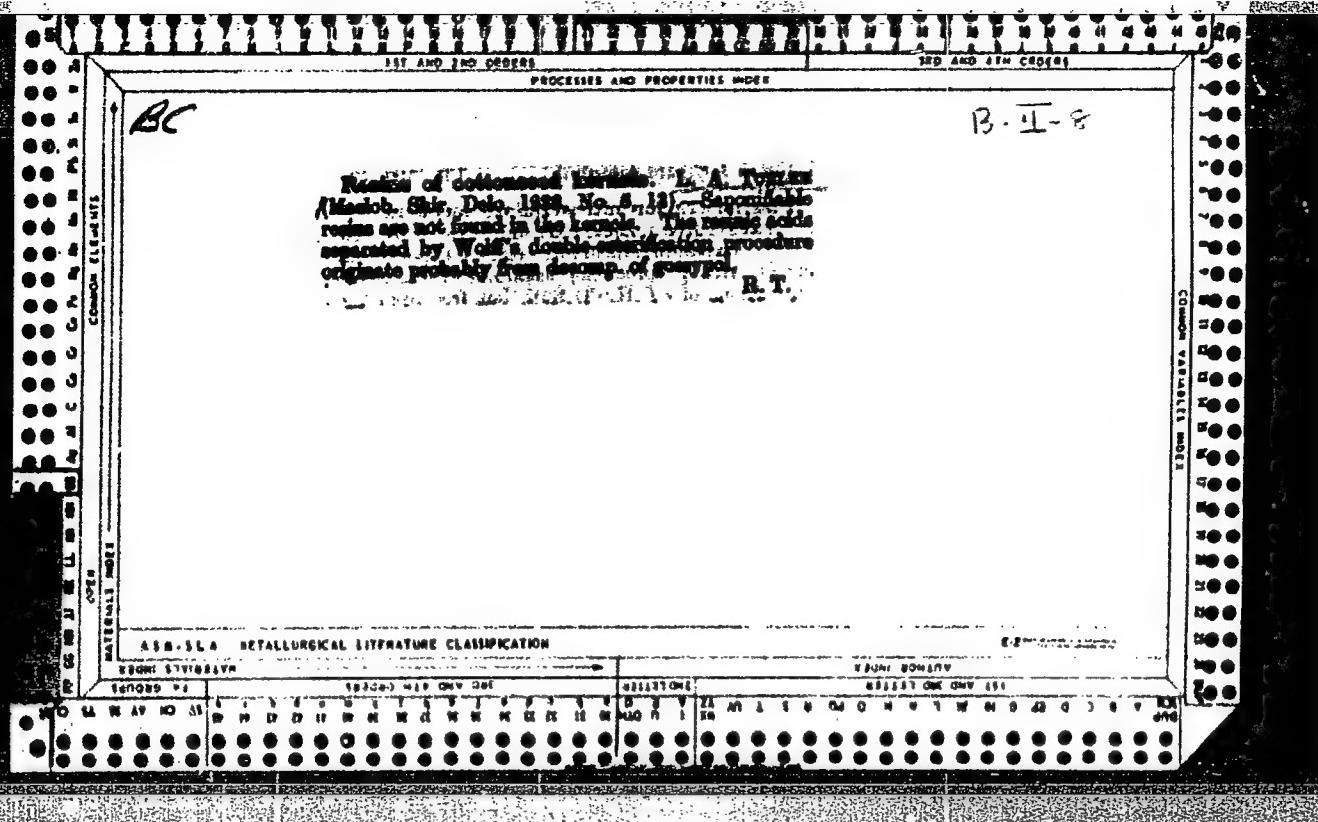
Principles and progress in fiber research. Friedrich  
Tables, *Textil-Rundschau* 3, 149-52 (1948); *Chem. Zentr.*  
(Russian Zone Ed.) 1949, I, 355.—Linen and bast fibers are  
considered.  
M. G. Moore

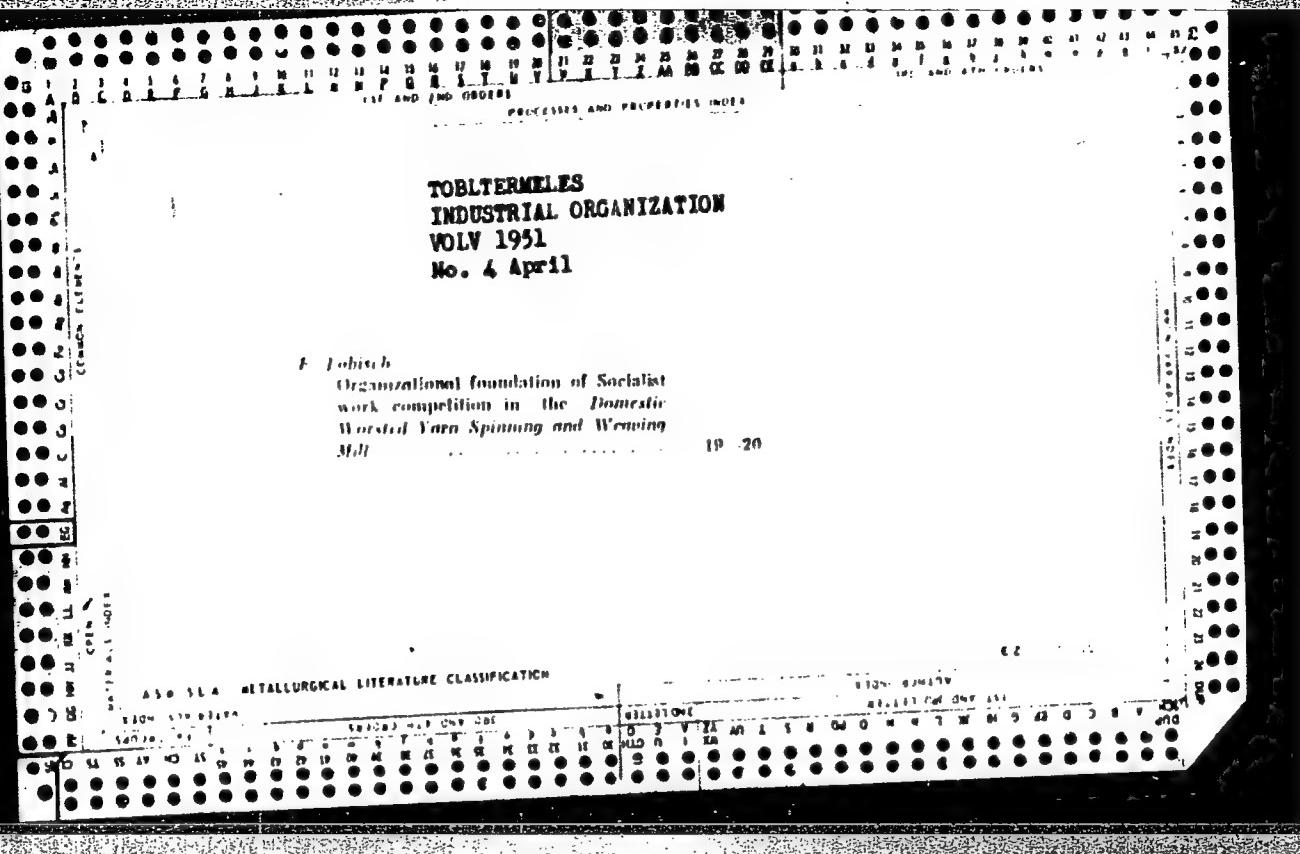
1951





The presence of resins in the kernel of cotton seeds.  
L. A. Töbler, *Maslobolno Zharosce*, *Dela* 14, No. 6, 13  
(1938). No saponifiable resins could be detected in the  
kernel of normal cotton seeds. The resinous acids, isolated  
by the Wolff esterification method, are traced to the de-  
compn. products of *resorcinol*. Chas. Blanc





STRMISKA, J.; TOBISKOVA, J.

Antibiotic sensitivity of the microbial flora from open wounds.  
Rozhl. chir. 41 no.10:699-706 O '62.

1. Vyzkumny ustav traumatologicky v Brne, reditel prof. dr. Vl.Novak,  
DrSc. Mikrobiologicky ustav lekarske fakulty University J.Ev.Purkyne  
v Brne, prednosta prof. dr. V. Tomasek.  
(DRUG RESISTANCE MICROBIAL) (WOUND INFECTION)

CZECHOSLOVAKIA

TOBISKOVA, J., MD.

Microbiological Institute of the Faculty Hospital (Mikro-  
biologicky ustanov fakultni nemocnice), Brno

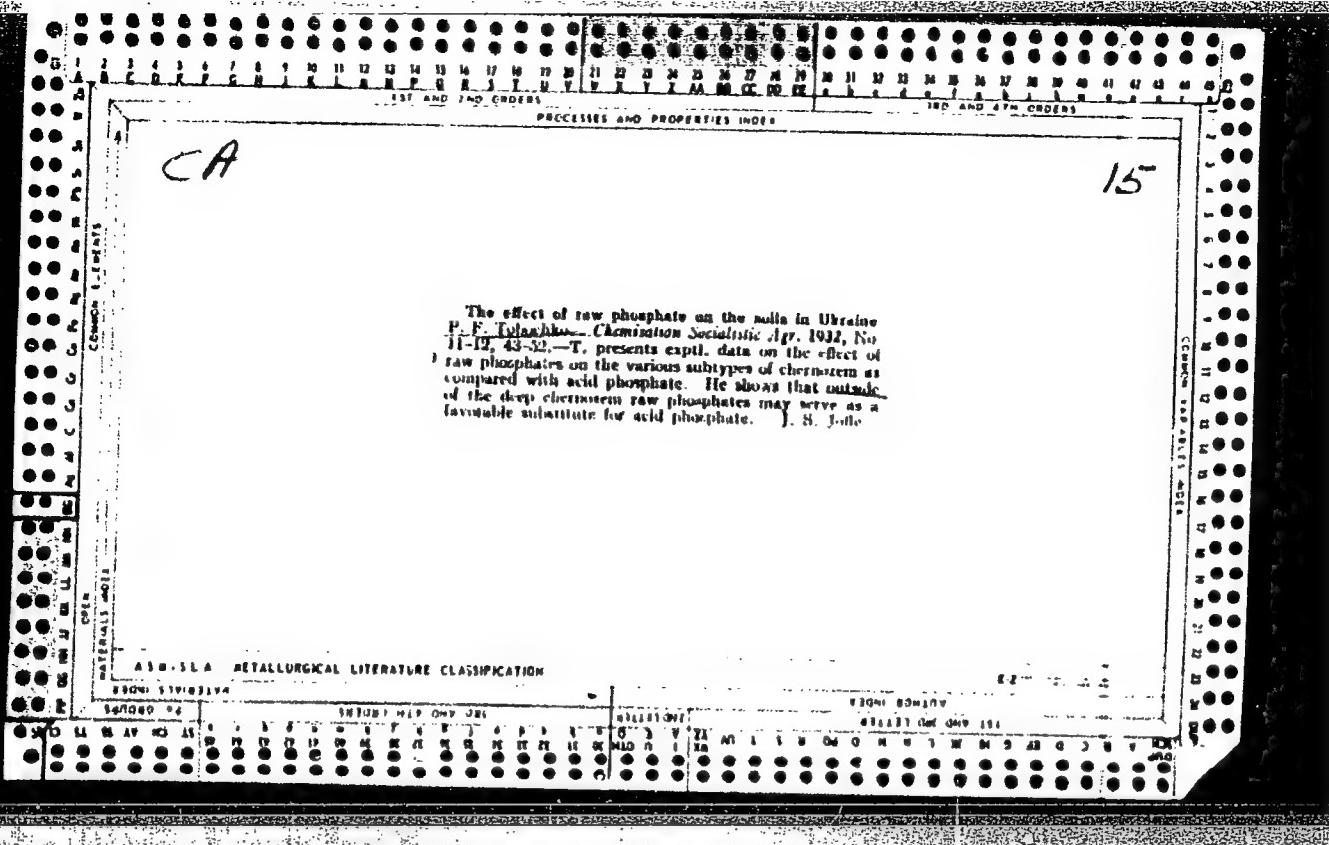
Prague, Vnitrii lekarstvi, No 12, 1963, pp 1176-1180

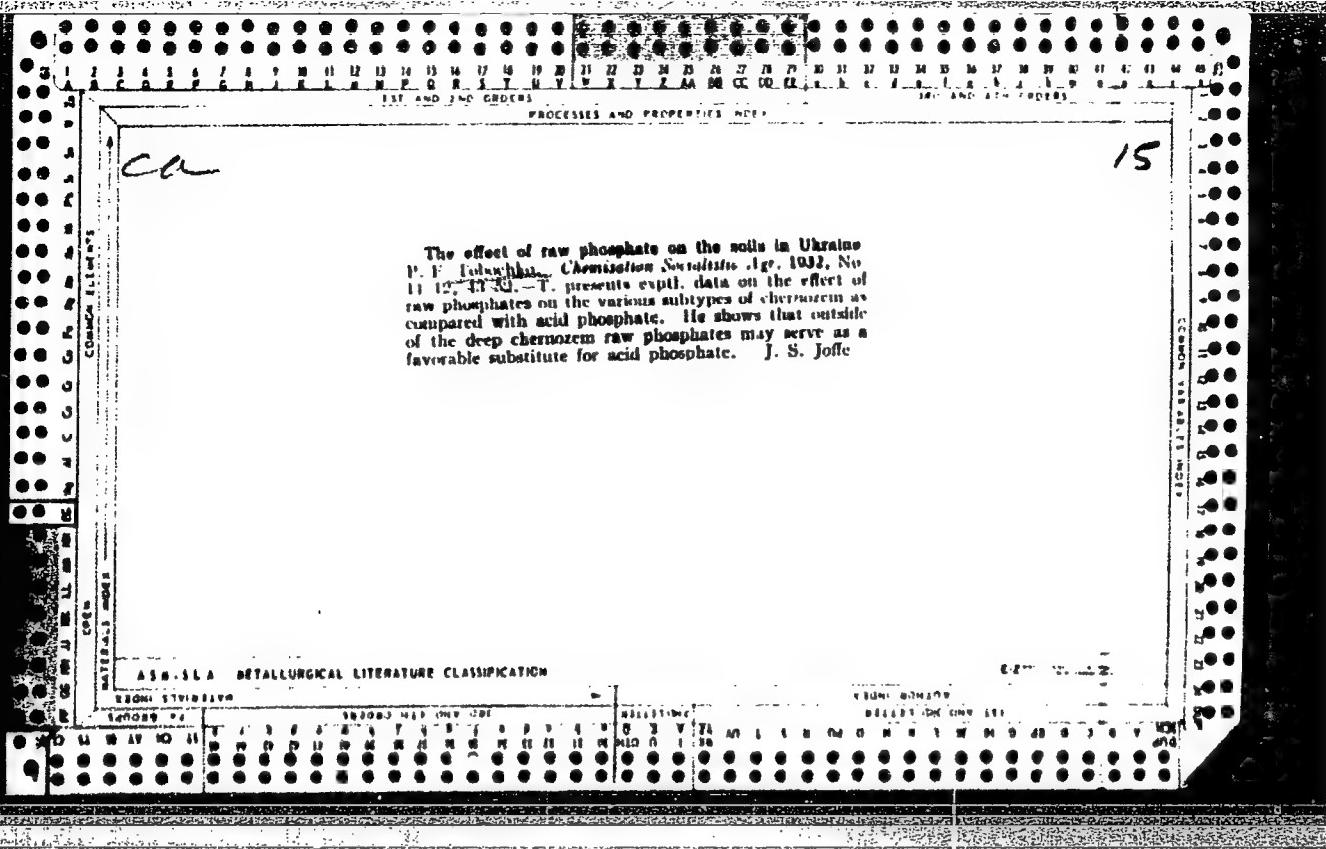
"The Tomczik Reaction for Serologic Diagnosis of Infectious  
Mononucleosis."

BARYSHNIKOV, I.A.; BOBSUK, V.N.; ZAKS, M.G.; ZOTIKOVA, I.N.; PAVLOV, G.N.;  
TOBLUKHIN, V.I.

Neural regulation of the activity of the mammary gland. Zhur.ob.biol.  
14 no.4:257-274 Jl-Ag '53. (MLRA 6:7)

1. Laboratoriya fiziologii sel'skokhozyaystvennykh zhivotnykh Instituta  
fiziologii imeni I.P.Pavlova Akademii nauk SSSR.  
(Mammary glands) (Nervous system)





"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001755930009-2

TOBOLEV, V.

Sound electronics. Nauka i tekhnika 16 no.10:2-7 '64.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/16/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R001755930009-2"

DZYSYUK, A.A., inzh.; KALININA, N.M., tekhnik; KOSTRIKIN, Yu.M., kand. tekhn.  
nauk.; PETROVA, S.Yu., tekhnik; RUMYANTSEVA, V.A., inzh.; TGBOLEVA,  
A.D., tekhnik; SHTERN, O.M., inzh.; SHCHERBINA, S.D., inzh.

New chemical water analysis techniques. Elek. sta. 35 no.7:31-34  
Jl '64. (MIRA 17:11)

TOBOLEWICZ, I.

2653

633.85 - 658.52

✓ Janicki, J. Tbolewicz, I. *Perilla Ocimoides — a Raw Material for the Production of Natural Oils.*

"*Perilla ocimoides — surowiec dla produkcji olejków naturalnych*".  
Przemysł Rolny i Spożywczy, No. 2, 1953, pp. 58-68.

Perilla ocimoides is a valuable, fat producing raw material (40% fat content), which may also be used for the production of natural essential oils. Young plants, from thinning out, and offals from threshing contain, in relation to the dry mass, 0.3 to 1.3% oil. The highest oil content occurs during the blossoming period (1 to 1.3%), while during the pre-blossoming period the oil content reaches only 0.3 to 0.6%. The stalks contain 20 times less oil than the leaves. The physical and chemical properties of perilla oil are given: one volumetric part of oil is dissolved in 13.8 parts of a 69.6% ethanol (15°C). Perilla essential oil is used, instead of citral, in the food industry; it contains over three times more essential oil than does citric oil. Ionon, derived from citral, is a valuable terpene used in the perfumery industry: when diluted it has the perfume of violets.

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TOBOLEWSKI, Z.

"Porosty Góra Stołowych" (Algae of the Table Mountain), by Z. Tobolewski.  
Reported in New Books (Nowe Ksiazki), No. 14, July 15, 1955

TOBOLEWSKI, ZYGMUNT.

Porosty Gor Stolowych. Poznzn, Panstwowe Wydawn. Naukowe, 1955. 98 p.  
(Poznanskie Towarzystwo Przyjaciol Nauk. Komisja Biologiczna.  
Prace, t. 16, zesz. 1) (Lichens of the Heuscheuer Mountains.  
English and Russian summaries. 1st ed. plates, map, bibl.)

Sc. East European Accessions List. Vol. 5, no. 1, Jan. 1956

TOBOLEWSKI Z.

Nowe i rzadkie gatunki we florze porostów Tatr polskich (New and rare kinds in the flora of the Tatra mountains) by Z. Tobolewski. Reported in New Books (Nowe Ksiazki.) February 15, 1956. No. 4.

TOBOLEWSKI, ZYGMUNT.

Materiały do flory porostów Tatr.

Poznań, Poland. Państwowe Wydawn. Naukowe. Vol. 3, 1959. 19 p.

Monthly List of East European Accessions Index (EEAI), LC. Vol. 8, No. 9, September 1959  
Uncl.